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TITLE: SLUDGE TREATMENT FACILITY

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ABSTRACT:

PROBLEM TO BE SOLVED: To dispose of organic sludge without implementing pretreatment such as drying, to reduce treatment costs, to decrease $\underline{\text{NOx}}$ in exhaust gas from a kiln, to increase the denitration percentage of $\underline{\text{NOx}}$ in the exhaust gas, and to deodorize the exhaust gas.

SOLUTION: A cement raw material (a) is burned in a kiln 4 to be converted into $\underline{\text{cement clinker}}$ (a'). On this occasion, organic sludge (b) in a storage tank 5 is supplied to a kiln end part 4a by the slurry pump 13 of a sludge introduction apparatus 6. As a result, $\underline{\text{Nox}}$ in exhaust gas during burning is reduced by the denitration effect of $\underline{\text{ammonia}}$ contained in the organic sludge. Since waste organic sludge (b) is used, the costs of $\underline{\text{Nox}}$ reduction are reduced. Although pretreatment such as drying has been required for the incineration of the organic sludge (b), since water in the organic sludge (b) is evaporated by the heat during the burning of the cement raw material

(a) and $\underline{ammonia}$ is decomposed during denitration, the organic sludge can be disposed of efficiently without pretreatment.

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